

SMART CRADLE SYSTEM

Project Reference No.: 48S_BE_4910

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Keywords:

IoT, Machine Learning, Smart Parenting

Introduction:

The Smart Cradle System is an advanced IoT and Machine Learning (ML)-based solution designed to provide real-time monitoring, intelligent automation, and proactive care to ensure a baby's comfort and safety. The system utilizes IoT sensors to track key environmental factors such as room temperature, humidity, and bed wetness. When discomfort is detected, such as a wet bed, an automated cradle-swinging mechanism is triggered to help soothe the baby. Additionally, a machine learning-based sound classification model is employed to detect baby cries, enabling timely and appropriate responses. To enhance the system's capabilities further, baby sleep pattern detection using ML is also being incorporated. This feature will provide valuable insights into sleep quality, monitor sleep cycles, and help identify irregularities, allowing parents to make informed decisions about their baby's well-being. Real-time notifications via a custom Telegram bot ensure seamless communication and accessibility for parents. By combining responsive actions with predictive analytics, the Smart Cradle System aims to deliver a comprehensive and intelligent infant care solution that prioritizes both immediate comfort and long-term health.

Objectives:

1. To design and implement a smart cradle system that ensures the comfort and safety of infants using IoT and machine learning technologies.
2. To monitor environmental conditions such as room temperature, humidity, and bed wetness using sensors integrated with an ESP32 microcontroller.
3. To automate the cradle-swinging mechanism in response to detected discomfort, such as wetness, to help soothe the baby without manual intervention.
4. To classify baby cries using machine learning models, enabling the system to detect emotional distress and trigger appropriate alerts or actions.
5. To send real-time alerts and updates to parents via Telegram using a custom bot, ensuring constant awareness of the baby's condition remotely.
6. To enhance the system with sleep pattern detection, allowing analysis of the baby's sleep cycles and providing insights into sleep quality and health.
7. To integrate all features into a seamless, user-friendly IoT framework that not only reacts to real-time conditions but also supports predictive and preventive care.

Methodology:

The Smart Cradle System was developed by integrating IoT hardware with machine learning capabilities to provide real-time infant monitoring and intelligent responses. The system uses an ESP32 microcontroller, chosen for its built-in Wi-Fi and GPIO support, to interface with a DHT11 sensor for temperature and humidity monitoring, a rain sensor to detect bed wetness, and a motor to automate cradle swinging when discomfort is detected. The firmware was programmed using the Arduino IDE, enabling continuous sensor data acquisition and automated actuation. For remote monitoring, a Telegram bot was created using BotFather, allowing real-time notifications to be sent to parents via the ESP32's Wi-Fi connection. In the ML component, audio datasets of baby cries and non-cries were collected from Kaggle, preprocessed using feature extraction techniques like MFCC, and used to train a binary classification model to detect baby cries. The model was then integrated into the system for real-time emotion recognition. Additionally implementing ML-based baby sleep pattern detection by

analyzing time-series data to gain insights into sleep quality and irregularities, thereby transforming the system into a comprehensive and proactive infant care solution.

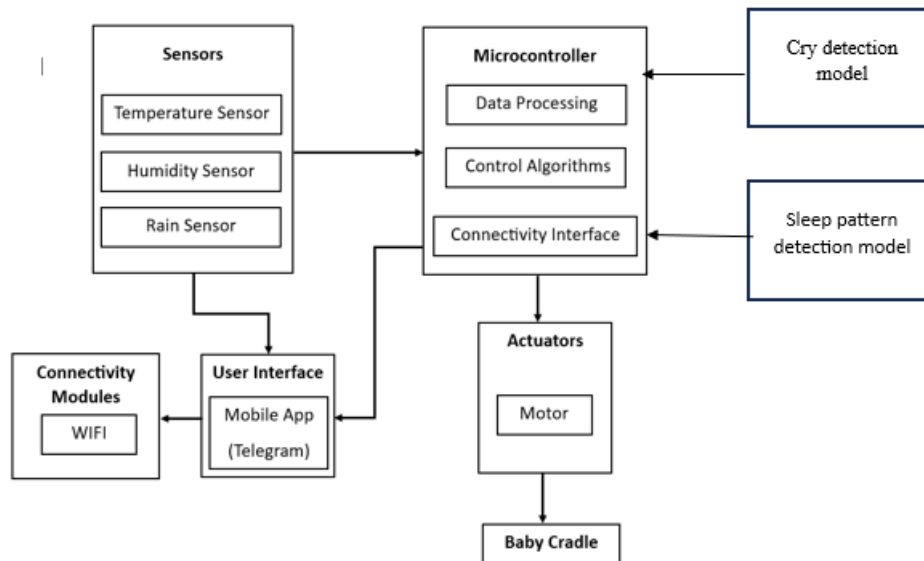


Fig 1. Block diagram of the proposed system

Result and Conclusion:

The Smart Cradle System successfully demonstrated its ability to monitor and respond to a baby's needs through the integration of IoT sensors and machine learning. Environmental conditions such as temperature, humidity, and bed wetness were accurately detected using DHT11 and rain sensors, with automated cradle swinging triggered via a motor when discomfort was identified. The ESP32 microcontroller effectively handled sensor data and communicated real-time alerts to parents through a custom Telegram bot, ensuring seamless remote monitoring. The machine learning model for cry detection accurately classified audio inputs, enabling the system to recognize when the baby was crying and take appropriate actions. Overall, the system functioned reliably, offering both real-time responsiveness and intelligent decision-making. The planned addition of sleep pattern detection using ML further enhances the system's potential by providing insights into the baby's sleep quality, making it a comprehensive, proactive, and smart solution for modern infant care.

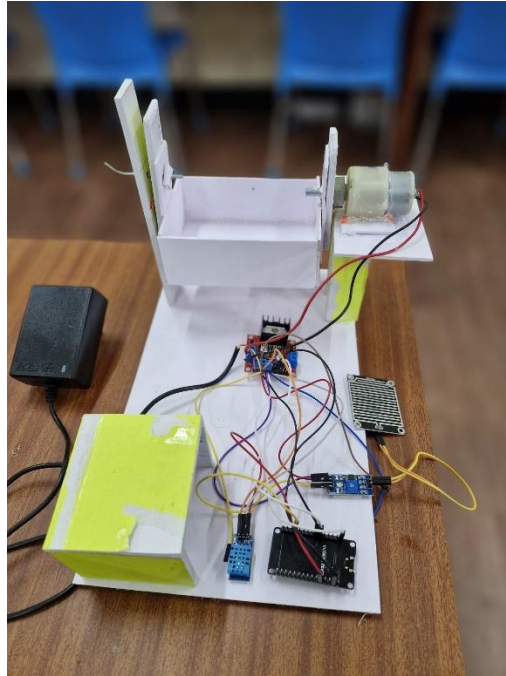


Fig 2. Snapshot from top view

Working Model vs. Simulation/Study:

The Working Model of the Smart Cradle System involves the physical integration of hardware and software components, including the ESP32 microcontroller, sensors (DHT11 for temperature and humidity, rain sensor for wetness detection), and the motor for cradle swinging. It operates in real-time, continuously monitoring the baby's environment and emotional state, while also sending real-time alerts to parents via Telegram. The machine learning model for cry detection is deployed to identify distress and trigger appropriate responses. In contrast, the Simulation/Study phase involves the theoretical design and testing of system components, such as simulating sensor data inputs.

Project Outcome & Industry Relevance:

1. Proactive Infant Care Solution: The combination of IoT and machine learning provides not just reactive, but also predictive capabilities, allowing the system to address potential issues before they escalate, improving overall infant health.
2. Scalability for Future Enhancements: The project has a clear path for future enhancements, including the integration of sleep pattern analysis, biometric

monitoring, and voice assistant support, opening opportunities for further innovation in infant care technologies.

3. **Industry Relevance in Healthcare and Parenting:** The system's application is highly relevant in the context of healthcare, smart home devices, and the growing demand for IoT-based solutions in parenting. It represents a significant step towards more intelligent, automated child care solutions in the healthcare industry.
4. **Potential for Commercialization:** With growing interest in smart baby care products, the system has strong commercial potential, aligning with the increasing demand for IoT-enabled solutions in parenting, child safety, and health monitoring.
5. **Contribution to Smart Healthcare Industry:** The project contributes to the broader field of smart healthcare by demonstrating how IoT and ML can be combined to create intelligent, user-centric solutions for real-time health monitoring and response.

Project Outcomes and Learnings:

The Smart Cradle System integrated IoT and machine learning to create an automated solution for monitoring and responding to a baby's needs. Through this project, I gained practical experience in IoT system integration, real-time data processing, and machine learning model development. I learned how to optimize system performance, create user-friendly interfaces, and conduct real-world testing to ensure functionality. The project also highlighted the scalability of the system and its potential for future enhancements, showcasing its commercial and industry relevance in the healthcare and infant care sectors.

Future Scope:

The future scope of this project includes:

1. **Biometric Sensors:** Add sensors for monitoring additional health parameters such as heart rate, oxygen levels, and body temperature to ensure comprehensive monitoring of the baby's well-being.

2. Data Analytics and Visualization: Implement data analytics features to visualize trends in the baby's environment, behavior, and health over time, providing actionable insights for parents.
3. Voice Assistant Integration: Explore the integration of voice assistants (e.g., Alexa, Google Assistant) to enable voice-based interactions with the system, enhancing convenience for parents.
4. Cloud-based Analytics: Move towards cloud storage for long-term data collection and advanced predictive modeling, allowing for more accurate forecasting and early detection of potential issues.
5. Proactive Health Predictions: Implement advanced predictive models that not only detect issues in real-time but can forecast potential health problems based on historical data, providing preemptive solutions.
6. Enhanced User Interface: Develop mobile and web applications with improved user interfaces for easier access to system data and notifications, offering more convenience and real-time control.