

# AN IOT BASED SMART TRAFFIC LIGHT PROCESSING SYSTEM ON DETECTING AN AMBULANCE IN TRAFFIC

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## **Keywords:**

Ambulance, Green corridor, Traffic flow, IOT sensors, YOLOv8.

## **Introduction:**

In cities, heavy traffic can slow down ambulances that need to reach hospitals quickly to save lives. Traditional traffic lights don't adjust to real-time conditions, leading to delays for these emergency vehicles. To solve this problem, a new smart traffic light system using Internet of Things (IoT) technology has been created. This system detects ambulances in traffic through the siren sound detected by the sensors and the ambulance through the image captured in the camera and adjusts traffic lights to give them a clear path. Sensors at intersections can identify when an ambulance is approaching and send this information to a central control system. The detected signal poles will capture cameras to detect the exact lane/road to ensure the presence of the ambulance. The system then changes the traffic lights to green for the ambulance and stops other vehicles to let it pass quickly. This smart system helps ambulances reach their destinations faster, improving emergency response times and potentially saving lives. It also makes traffic management more efficient overall. By using IoT technology, cities can create more responsive and effective traffic systems that prioritize public safety and emergency services. This intelligent approach not only ensures that ambulances can reach their destinations more quickly but also enhances overall traffic management efficiency. By integrating IoT technology into traffic control systems, cities can significantly reduce emergency response times, potentially saving countless lives. Furthermore, the system's scalability allows it to be implemented in various urban settings, paving the way for smarter and more responsive city infrastructures.

## **Objectives:**

- To dynamically adjust traffic lights to create a "green corridor" that minimizes delays and allows ambulances to navigate intersections quickly and safely.
- Use data-driven algorithms to optimize traffic light adjustments, preventing excessive congestion or safety hazards for other vehicles
- Ensure faster emergency response times to save lives and improve patient outcomes by ensuring quicker access to critical medical care.

## Methodology

### 1.1. Planning and Feasibility:

- **Define specific objectives and scope:** Clearly outline the system's goals, expected benefits, and limitations. Consider factors like target deployment area, budget, and technical feasibility.
- **Conduct stakeholder analysis:** Identify and engage stakeholders, including transportation authorities, emergency services, technology providers, and the public. Gather their input and address potential concerns.
- **Perform a cost-benefit analysis:** Evaluate the project's upfront and ongoing costs against the potential benefits in emergency response times, traffic flow improvements, and economic gains.

### 1.2. System Design and Architecture:

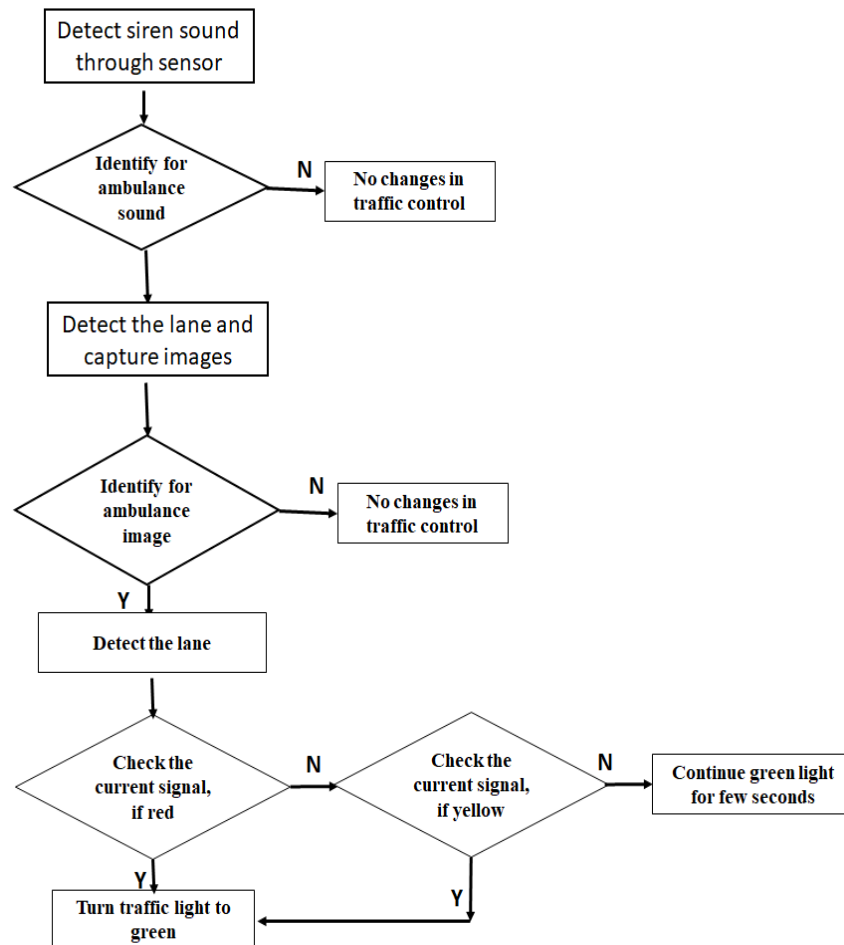


Figure 1: Work flow diagram for smart traffic light processing system

- **Choose appropriate technologies:** Select sensors, communication protocols, edge devices, and central control platform based on budget, scalability, and performance requirements.
- **Design traffic light control algorithms:** Develop algorithms that analyse real-time traffic data, identify ambulances, and calculate dynamic signal adjustments while minimizing impact on regular traffic.
- **Ensure security and privacy:** Implement robust security measures to protect against unauthorized access to sensitive data and prevent interference with traffic signals.

## Development and Implementation:

- **Develop software and firmware:** Create code for sensors, edge devices, central control platform, and traffic light communication interfaces.
- **Integrate hardware and software:** Assemble the system components and ensure seamless communication and data flow.
- **Conduct thorough testing and validation:** Perform rigorous testing in simulated and real-world environments to ensure system functionality, safety, and compliance with regulations.

### 1.3. Deployment and Operation:

- **Obtain necessary permits and approvals:** Secure permissions from relevant authorities for system installation and operation.
- **Install and configure the system:** Deploy sensors and communication infrastructure at intersections chosen for initial implementation.
- **Train personnel:** Provide training for emergency services and potentially drivers on the system's operation and potential impact on traffic flow.
- **Monitor and maintain the system:** Establish procedures for ongoing monitoring, performance evaluation, and regular maintenance to ensure optimal functionality.

### 1.4. Evaluation and Improvement:

- **Collect and analyse data:** Gather data on system performance, including ambulance travel times, traffic flow changes, and public feedback.
- **Evaluate outcomes:** Assess the system's effectiveness in achieving its objectives and identify areas for improvement.
- **Refine and update:** Continuously iterate based on data analysis and feedback to enhance system performance and adapt to changing conditions.

## Results and Conclusions:

The implementation of an IoT-based smart traffic light processing system for detecting ambulances in traffic has yielded significant benefits. Primarily, it has reduced ambulance travel time by creating a green corridor that allows these emergency vehicles to reach hospitals more quickly and efficiently. This dynamic adjustment of traffic lights not only minimizes delays caused by regular traffic but also ensures that ambulances are given priority passage through intersections, thereby improving emergency response efficiency. Additionally, the system maintains smooth traffic flow by using data-driven algorithms to adjust signals at surrounding intersections, preventing excessive congestion and ensuring overall traffic efficiency. By adapting to real-time traffic conditions, the system reduces congestion and delays across the city, enhancing the overall flow of traffic and reducing travel times for all vehicles. Furthermore, the system increases safety by preventing accidents and managing traffic signals efficiently, ensuring that both emergency vehicles and regular traffic can navigate intersections safely. Overall, this IoT-based smart traffic light system significantly enhances emergency response capabilities and improves urban traffic conditions for all road users.

**Description of the innovation in the project:**

The innovation in the IoT-based smart traffic light processing system for detecting ambulances in traffic lies in its ability to dynamically and intelligently manage traffic signals to prioritize emergency vehicles while maintaining overall traffic efficiency. This system integrates advanced IoT technology, real-time data processing, and sophisticated algorithms to revolutionize how urban traffic is controlled during emergencies.

**Future work scope:**

- Use of Advanced AI and Machine Learning the system will predict traffic patterns and adjust signals more effectively.
- The system could be expanded to prioritize fire trucks, police cars, and other emergency vehicles, helping them get through traffic more quickly.
- Upgrade communication networks to improve the communication infrastructure can make data transmission between sensors, traffic lights, and control systems faster and more reliable.