





KARNATAKA STATE COUNCIL FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

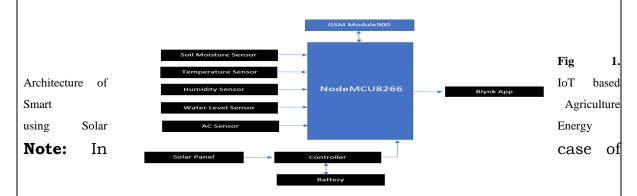
Indian Institute of Science campus, Bengaluru

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1.	Name of the College: Angadi Institute of Technology and Management Belagavi
2.	Project Title: IoT based Smart Agriculture Using Solar Energy
3.	Branch: Computer Science and Engineering
4.	Theme (as per KSCST poster): The use of IoT and solar energy to improve agriculture, and the focus on sustainability and efficiency. (The project proposals shall mandatorily be from one of the broad themes / areas. Visit website www.kscst.org.in/spp.html)
5.	Name(s) of project guide(s): 1. Name: Prof./Mrs.: DHANASHREE KULKARNI
6.	Name of Team Members MOHAMMAD KAIF M. DEVALAPUR MUSTAKEEN I. NIMBARGI OMKAR S PATIL RUCHITA R MUDAKAVI
7.	Scope / Objectives of the project: 1. Implementation of combined technology of GSM module and IoT. 2. Developing Semi-Automated IoT based Smart agriculture system. 3. Developing a platform to connect a devices that can communicate with each other through internet.
1.	 Methodology: In this purpose system, we are presenting an integral and cost effective Smart Agriculture System (SA). Our solution relies on sensors. 1. A Wireless Sensors Network (WSNs) monitor, in real-time the plant environmental conditions e.g Weather and Soil conditions. 2. A Wireless Actuators Network (WAN) acts upon electric appliances such as water pumps.

KSCST: Student Project Programme: 46th series: 2022-2023

- **3.** The Integral of GSM900 Module with NodeMCU8266.
- **4.** Developing Semi-Automated IoT based Smart Agriculture System.
- **5.** We can use Blynk App to see real time data of Crops Conditions.
- **6.** Developing a platform to connect a devices that can communicate with each other through internet.



fabrication work in the project, an engineering drawing with dimensions / detailed design should be attached to the proposal.

2. Expected Outcome of the project:

- 1. Improve the efficiency and yield in crop production: By collecting and analyzing data on factors such as soil moisture, temperature, and humidity. The system can help farmers optimize irrigation, fertilization and other practices to improve crop growth and yield.
- Improved crop yields and quality due to optimized growing conditions and early detection of pests and diseases.
- 3. Reduce labor costs and increased productivity due to automation of tasks such as irrigation and pest control.
- 4. Enhanced food safety and traceability through the use of sensor data.